

Albumin FS*

Order Information

Cat. No. Kit size

1 0220 99 10 960 1 0220 99 10 967 5 980 (4 x 245) 1 500 (6 x 250)

Intended Use

Diagnostic reagent for quantitative in vitro determination of albumin in human serum or heparin plasma on automated BioMajesty®-JCA BM6010/C.

Summary

Albumin is an important binding and transport protein for various substances in plasma and the main contributor to the plasma osmotic pressure. Measurement of albumin in serum is used for diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis. Furthermore, albumin levels indicate the health and nutritional status of an individual and, therefore, are used for detecting malnutrition and for prognosis in elderly hospitalized patients. [1,2]

Method

Photometric test using bromocresol green

In the presence of bromocresol green at a slightly acid pH, serum albumin produces a color change of the indicator from yellow-green to green-blue.

Reagent

Components and Concentrations

Citrate buffer pH 4.2 30 mmol/L Bromocresol green 0.26 mmol/L

Storage and Stability

Reagent is stable up to the date of expiry indicated on the kit, if stored at 2 - 25°C and contamination is avoided. Do not freeze and protect from light.

The in-use stability of the reagent is 18 months.

Warnings and Precautions

- In very rare cases, samples of patients with gammopathy might give falsified results [3].
- In case of product malfunction or altered appearance that could affect the performance, contact the manufacturer.
- Any serious incident related to the product must be reported to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member State where the user and/or patient is located.
- 4. Please refer to the safety data sheets (SDS) and take the necessary precautions for the use of laboratory reagents. For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.
- 5. For professional use only.

Waste Management

Refer to local legal requirements for chemical disposal regulations as stated in the relevant SDS to determine the safe disposal.

Warning: Handle waste as potentially biohazardous material. Dispose of waste according to accepted laboratory instructions and procedures.

Reagent Preparation

The reagent is ready to use. The bottles are placed directly into the reagent rotor.

Materials Required

General laboratory equipment

Specimen

Human serum or heparin plasma

Only use suitable tubes or collection containers for specimen collection and preparation.

When using primary tubes, follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Stability [4]:

10 weeks at 20 – 25°C 5 months at 4 – 8°C 3 months at –20°C

Only freeze once. Discard contaminated specimens.

Calibrators and Controls

DiaSys TruCal U is recommended for calibration. Calibrator values have been made traceable to the reference material ERM-DA470. Use DiaSys TruLab N and P for internal quality control. Quality control must be performed after calibration. Control intervals and limits have to be adapted to the individual requirements of each laboratory. Results must be within the defined ranges. Follow the relevant legal requirements and guidelines. Each laboratory should establish corrective action in case of deviations in control recovery.

	Cat. No.	Kit size	
TruCal U	5 9100 99 10 063	20 >	3 mL
	5 9100 99 10 064	6 >	3 mL
TruLab N	5 9000 99 10 062	20 >	c 5 mL
	5 9000 99 10 061	6 >	c 5 mL
TruLab P	5 9050 99 10 062	20 >	c 5 mL
	5 9050 99 10 061	6 >	c 5 mL

Performance Characteristics

Exemplary data mentioned below may slightly differ in case of deviating measurement conditions.

Measuring range up to 6 g/dL. In case of higher concentrations re-measure samples after manual dilution with NaCl solution (9 g/L) or use rerun function.		
Limit of detection**	0.1 g/dL	
Onboard stability	6 weeks	
Calibration stability	6 weeks	

Interfering substance	Interferences ≤ 10% up to
Ascorbic acid	30 mg/dL
Bilirubin (conjugated and unconjugated)	60 mg/dL
Hemoglobin	300 mg/dL
Lipemia (triglycerides)	1200 mg/dL
For further information on interfering substances, refer to the literature [5-7].	

Precision			
Within run (n=20)	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean [g/dL]	3.26	4.03	4.48
CV [%]	1.00	0.63	1.02
Between day (n=20)	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean [g/dL]	3.96	4.53	2.46
CV [%]	0.73	0.98	1.42

Method comparison (n=100)	
Test x	Competitor Albumin
Test y	DiaSys Albumin FS
Slope	0.987
Intercept	0.168 g/dL
Coefficient of correlation	0.997

^{**} lowest measurable concentration which can be distinguished from zero; mean + 3 SD (n = 20) of an analyte free specimen.

Conversion Factor

Albumin [g/dL] x 144.9 = Albumin [μ mol/L]

Albumin FS – Page 1 844 0220 10 01 75 December 2021/2



Reference Range [8]

Adults: 3.5 - 5.2 g/dL $507 - 756 \mu\text{mol/L}$

Each laboratory should check if the reference ranges are transferable to its own patient population and determine own reference ranges if necessary.

Literature

- Johnson AM, Rohlfs EM, Silverman LM. Proteins. In: Burtis CA, Ashwood ER. editors. Tietz textbook of clinical chemistry. 3rd ed. Philadelphia: W. B. Saunders Company; 1999. p. 477-540.
- Thomas L. Clinical Laboratory Diagnostics. 1st ed. Frankfurt: TH-Books Verlagsgesellschaft; 1998. p. 652-6.
- Bakker AJ, Mücke M. Gammopathy interference in clinical chemistry assays: mechanisms, detection and prevention. ClinChemLabMed 2007;45(9):1240-1243.
- Guder WG, Zawta B et al. The Quality of Diagnostic Samples. 1st ed. Darmstadt: GIT Verlag; 2001; p. 14-5.
- Young DS. Effects of Drugs on Clinical Laboratory Tests. 5th ed. Volume 1 and 2. Washington, DC: The American Assocation for Clinical Chemistry Press 2000.
- Young DS. Effects on Clinical Laboratory Tests Drugs Disease, Herbs & Natural Products, https://clinfx.wiley.com/ aaccweb/aacc/, accessed in February 2021. Published by AACC Press and John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- Sonntag O, Scholer A. Drug interference in clinical chemistry: recommendation of drugs and their concentrations to be used in drug interference studies. Ann Clin Biochem. 2001 Jul;38:376-85.
- Dati F, Schumann G, Thomas L, Aguzzi F, Baudner S, Bienvenu J et al. Consensus of a group of professional societies and diagnostic companies on guidelines for interim reference ranges for 14 proteins in serum based on the standardization against the IFCC/BCR/CAP reference material (CRM 470). Eur J Clin Chem Clin Biochem 1996;34:517-20.

Additions and/or changes in the document are highlighted in grey. For deletions, please refer to the customer information for the corresponding edition number of the package inserts.





DiaSys Diagnostic Systems GmbH Alte Strasse 9 65558 Holzheim Germany www.diasys-diagnostics.com

* Fluid Stable

Albumin FS – Page 2 844 0220 10 01 75 December 2021/2



Albumin FS

Chemistry code 10 022

Application for serum and plasma samples

This application was set up and evaluated by DiaSys. It is based on the standard equipment at that time and does not apply to any equipment modifications undertaken by unqualified personnel.

Analytical Conditions		
R1 volume	90	
R2e volume	0	
R2 volume	0	
R1 diluent vol	0	
R2e diluent vol	0	
R2 diluent vol	0	
Sample vol (S)	1	
Sample vol (U)	1	
Reagent 1 mix	weak	
Reagent 2e mix	weak	
Reagent 2 mix	weak	
Reaction time	3	

Sub-analy. Conditions		
Name	ALB	
Digits	1	
M-wave L.	596	
S-wave.L	694	
Analy.mthd.	EPA	
Calc.mthd.	STD	
Qualit. judge	No	

Analysis Test Condition Setting (M)			
Sample Type	Serum	Urine	
Reac. sample vol.	1	1	
Diluent method	No dil	No dil	
Undil. sample vol.	0	0	
Diluent volume	0	0	
Diluent position	0	0	

entered by user

Endpoint method	
Re.absorb (u)	9.999
Re. Absorb (d)	-9.999

Calculation Method Setting		
M-DET.P.I	0	
M-DET.P.m	7	
M-DET.P.n	9	
S-DET.P.p	0	
S-DET.P.r	0	
Check D.P.I.	0	
Limit value	0.003	
Variance	10	
Reac.type	Inc	

Reaction Rate Method		
Cycle	3	
Factor	3	
E2 corre	Not do	
Blank (u)	9.999	
Blank (d)	-9.999	
Sample (u)	9.999	
Sample (d)	-9.999	

Standards Setting	
FV	#
BLK H	9.999
BLK L	-9.999
STD H	9.999
STD L	-9.999