responsezo

HDL-c direct FS*

Order Information

Cat. No. 1 3561 99 10 920

Kit size

1 3561 99 10 921

800 (4 x 200) 480 (4 x 120)

Intended Use

Diagnostic reagent for quantitative in vitro determination of HDL-C (high density lipoprotein cholesterol) in human serum or heparin plasma on automated respons®920.

Summary

Cholesterol, synthesized by body cells and absorbed with food, is a component of cell membranes and a precursor for steroid hormones and bile acids. Cholesterol is transported in plasma via lipoproteins, complexes between lipids and apolipoproteins. Four lipoprotein classes exist: High density lipoproteins (HDL), low density lipoproteins (LDL), very low density lipoproteins (VLDL) and chylomicrons. These classes show distinct relationship to coronary atherosclerosis. LDL is involved in the cholesterol transport to the peripheral cells, contributing to atherosclerotic plaque formation within the arterial intima and is strongly associated with coronary heart disease (CHD) and related mortality. HDL-C has a protective effect impeding plaque formation and shows an inverse relationship to CHD prevalence. In fact, low HDL-C values constitute an independent risk factor. One of the important functions of HDL involves the physiological removal of cholesterol from peripheral tissues and cells, and transport to the liver. The concept that HDL could protect against CHD primarily originated from epidemiological studies of the healthy population, in particular the Framingham study. In addition to a number of antioxidant effects, HDL also serves as a powerful mediator of the cellular inflammatory and antithrombotic responses. HDL-particles are macromolecule complexes synthesized by liver and intestine and formed from surface components. HDL-particles are released into plasma during lipolysis of lipoproteins rich in triglycerides. Particles consist of an amphipathic lipid monolayer of phospholipids and cholesterol with embedded amphipathic proteins surrounding a core of hydrophobic lipids, mostly cholesteryl esters and triglycerides. HDL-C monitoring is highly relevant in cardiovascular risk assessment. Elevated HDL-C levels usually correlate with decreased cardiovascular risk; whereas reduced concentrations of HDL-C, especially in combination with elevated triglycerides are associated with high risk of atherosclerotic heart disease, even at or below recommended LDL-C goals. Preferred screening tests for dyslipidemia or lipid disorders are total cholesterol (TC) and HDL-C but the majority of screening guidelines nowadays recommend a full lipid profile including TC, LDL-C, HDL-C and triglycerides. [1-8]

Method

Previous HDL-cholesterol determinations were performed by timeconsuming precipitation methods or ultracentrifugation (reference method in combination with cholesterol measurement by Abell- Kendall). However, the direct determination of HDLcholesterol is used in routine [9]. HDL-c direct FS is a homogeneous method for HDL-cholesterol measurement without centrifugation steps. Block polymer detergents protect LDL, VLDL and chylomicrons in a way that only HDL-cholesterol is selectively determined by an enzymatic cholesterol measurement [10].



The intensity of the formed dye is directly proportional to the cholesterol concentration and is measured photometrically.

Reagents

	gente		
Com	ponents and Concentrations		
R1:	Buffer Peroxidase (POD) N-(2-hydroxy-3-sulfopropyl)- 3,5-dimethoxyaniline sodium s (H-DAOS)	pH 6.85 alt	20 mmol/L ≥ 2000 U/L ≥ 0.7 mmol/L
R2:	Buffer Cholesterol esterase (CHE) Cholesterol oxidase (CHO) Peroxidase (POD) 4-Aminoantipyrine	pH 8.15	20 mmol/L ≥ 400 U/L ≥ 700 U/L ≥ 15000 U/L ≥ 1.5 mmol/L

Storage and Stability

Reagents are stable up to the date of expiry indicated on the kit, if stored at 2 - 8°C and contamination is avoided. Do not freeze and protect from light.

The in-use stability of the reagent is 24 months.

Warnings and Precautions

Components contained in HDL-c direct FS are classified according to EC regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) as follows:



🗥 Reagent 1: Warning. Contains Mixture of 5chlorine-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-on and 2methylen-2H-isothiazol-3-on (3:1). H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/soap.

- 2 Reagent 2 contains sodium azide (0.95 g/L) as preservative. Do not swallow! Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes.
- 3. The reagents contain material of biological origin. Handle the product as potentially infectious according to universal precautions and good clinical laboratory practice.
- 4. Acetaminophen and metamizole medication leads to falsely low results in patient samples.
- 5 In very rare cases, samples of patients with gammopathy might give falsified results [11].
- 6. To avoid carryover interference, please take care of efficient washing especially after use of interfering reagents. Please refer to the DiaSys respons[®]920 Carryover Pair Table. Carryover pairs and automated washing steps with the recommended cleaning solution can be specified in the system software. Please refer to the user manual.
- 7 In case of product malfunction or altered appearance that could affect the performance, contact the manufacturer.
- Any serious incident related to the product must be reported to 8. the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member State where the user and/or patient is located.
- 9. Please refer to the safety data sheets (SDS) and take the necessary precautions for the use of laboratory reagents. For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.
- 10. For professional use only.

Waste Management

Refer to local legal requirements for chemical disposal regulations as stated in the relevant SDS to determine the safe disposal.

Warning: Handle waste as potentially biohazardous material. Dispose of waste according to accepted laboratory instructions and procedures.

Reagent Preparation

The reagents are ready to use. The bottles are placed directly into the reagent rotor.

Materials Required

General laboratory equipment

respons®920

Specimen

Human serum or lithium heparin plasma

Only use suitable tubes or collection containers for specimen collection and preparation.

When using primary tubes, follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Stability [12]:		
2 days	at	20 – 25°C
7 days	at	4 – 8°C
3 months	at	–20°C

Only freeze once. Discard contaminated specimens.

Calibrators and Controls

DiaSys TruCal Lipid is recommended for calibration. Calibrator values have been made traceable to a commercially available assay which is standardized against the designated CDC reference method (ultracentrifugation method). Use DiaSys TruLab L Level 1 and Level 2 for internal quality control. Quality control must be performed after calibration. Control intervals and limits have to be adapted to the individual requirements of each laboratory. Results must be within the defined ranges. Follow the relevant legal requirements and guidelines. Each laboratory should establish corrective action in case of deviations in control recovery.

	Kit size			
TruCal Lipid	1 3570 99 10 045	3	х	2 mL
TruLab L Level 1	5 9020 99 10 065	3	х	3 mL
TruLab L Level 2	5 9030 99 10 065	3	х	3 mL

Performance Characteristics

Measuring range up to 200 mg/dL.

In case of higher concentrations re-measure samples after manual dilution with NaCl solution (9 g/L) or use rerun function.

Limit of detection**	3 mg/dL					
Onboard stability	12 w	12 weeks				
Calibration stability	8 weeks					
Interfering substance		Interferences ≤ 10% up to		Analyte concentration [mg/dL]		
Ascorbic acid		60 mg/dL		37.1		
		60 mg/dL		83.5		
Bilirubin (conjugated)		37 mg/dL		41.0		
		37 mg/dL		83.3		
Bilirubin (unconjugated)		60 mg/dL		43.9		
		60 mg/dL		84.6		
Hemoglobin		500 mg/dL		33.7		
		900 mg/dL		74.6		
Lipemia (triglycerides)		1000 mg/dL		39.9		
N-acetylcysteine (NAC)		1700 mg/L		36.5		
		1700 mg/L			75.5	
For further information on interfering substances, refer to Young DS [13,14].						
Precision						
Within run (n=20)	Sar	nple 1	Sample	e 2	Sample 3	
Mean [mg/dL]	18.3		45.9		191	
CV [%]	1	.54	0.470		0.816	
Total precision CLSI (n=80)	Sar	mple 1	Sample	2	Sample 3	
Mean [mg/dL]	1	9.1	46.8		192	
CV [%]	4	1.59	2.70		1.87	

Method comparison (n=146)			
DiaSys HDL-c direct FS (BioMajesty [®] JCA-BM6010/C)			
DiaSys HDL-c direct FS (respons [®] 920)			
1.04			
–0.784 mg/dL			
0.999			

** according to CLSI document EP17-A2, Vol. 32, No. 8

Conversion Factor

HDL-C [mg/dL] x 0.02586 = HDL-C [mmol/L]

Reference Range [15]

National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) guidelines:

Low HDL-cholesterol (major risk factor for CHD):

< 40 mg/dL (< 1.04 mmol/L)

High HDL-cholesterol ("negative" risk factor for CHD):

 \geq 60 mg/dL (\geq 1.55 mmol/L) A number of factors contribute to low HDL-cholesterol levels: e.g. overweight and obesity, smoking, physical inactivity, drugs such as beta-blockers and progestational agents, genetic factors.

Each laboratory should check if the reference ranges are transferable to its own patient population and determine own reference ranges if necessary.

Literature

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Additions and/or changes in the document are highlighted in grey. For deletions, please refer to the customer information for the corresponding edition number of the package inserts.



Germany

* Fluid Stable

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respons®920

HDL-c direct FS

Application for serum and plasma

Test Details		Test Volumes		Reference Ranges		
Test : HDLCD				Auto Rerun		
Report Name	: HDL-c direct	<u> </u>		Online Calibration		
Unit	: mg/dL	Decimal Places	: 2	Cuvette Wash		
Wavelength-Primary	: 578	Secondary	: 700	Total Reagents : 2		
Assay Type	: 2-Point	Curve Type	: Linear	Reagent R1 : HDLCD R1		
M1 Start	: 15	M1 End	: 15	Reagent R2 : HDLCD R2		
M2 Start	: 33	M2 End	: 33			
Sample Replicates	: 1	Standard Replicates	: 3	Consumables/Calibrators:		
Control Replicates	: 1	Control Interval	: 0	Blank/Level 0 : 0		
Reaction Direction	: Increasing	React. Abs. Limit	: 0.00	Calibrator 1 : *		
Prozone Limit %	: 0	Prozone Check	: Lower			
Linearity Limit %	: 0	Delta Abs./Min.	: 0.00			
Technical Minimum	: 3.00	Technical Maximum	: 200.00			
Y = aX + b a=	: 1.00	b=	: 0.00			
[*] Enter calibrator value.						
Test De	etails	Test Vo	lumes	Reference Ranges		
Test	: HDLCD					
Sample Type	: Serum					
	Sample	e Volumes		Sample Types		
Normal	: 3.00 µL	Dilution Ratio	: 1 X	☑ Serum □ Urine		
Increase	: 6.00 µL	Dilution Ratio	: 1 X	□ CSF ☑ Plasma		
Decrease	: 3.00 µL	Dilution Ratio	: 2 X	U Whole Blood		
Standard Volume	: 3.00 µL					
	Reagent Volume	s and Stirrer Speed		\neg		
RGT-1 Volume	: 180 µL	R1 Stirrer Speed	: Medium			
RGT-2 Volume	: 45 µL	R2 Stirrer Speed	: Medium			
Test Do	otoilo	Test Volumes		Reference Ranges		
		Test vo	luilles	Reference Ranges		
Sample Type	: Serum					
Sample Type	Seluin					
Reference Range	DEFAULT]			
Category	: Male					
Reference Range			Sample Types			
Lower Limit Upper Limit			☑ Serum			
	(mg/dL)	(mg/dL)		□ Urine □ CSF		
		☑ Plasma □ Whole Blood				
Normal	: 4	0.00	200.00	Other		
Panic : 0.00 0.00						